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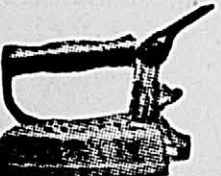
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DR. PERRIGARD GAVE ADDRESS

At the Medical Society Meeting
Last Evening.

LARGE ATTENDANCE

Two Amendments to the Constitution Were Adopted Without Dissenting Voice.

The meeting opened at 8.15 p.m., with President Affleck in the chair. After the minutes of the last meeting were read, two amendments to the constitution were proposed and adopted. The first, made by Mr. Wolff, '17, second by E. Lunney, '17, was to the effect that the committee of the medical dinner be composed of fewer men. In the discussion that followed, W. H. Miller, '16, drew attention to the fact that the most of the work was done by a few, so why have several? The second, moved by Mr. McKeown, '16, seconded by J. MacDonald, '17, had reference to final elections of year.

A report was made by Mr. Couture, '16, of the Laval dance at the Ritz-Carlton recently, at which he was the McGill representative. He expressed his pleasure at being there and reported a thoroughly good time.

T. M. Richardson, '17, was declared elected by acclamation as representative of Medicine to the Students' Council.

A selection by the Mandolin Club followed. It was excellently rendered and was much appreciated.

J. E. Affleck stated that Mr. John Reid had been sent as the representative to the Queen's ball.

In view of the fact that the Dental students were becoming more numerous than formerly, they had decided to form a society of their own.

N. K. Falls, '17, moved, seconded by Mr. Laing, '17, that they remain members of the Medical Society, and that there be voted one dollar per member of the society to a fund with which to make gifts to the boys at the front.

President Affleck reported favorably on Medicine '19 banquet. He then introduced the speaker of the evening, Dr. Perrigard, who, he said, was a McGill graduate, had taken a post-graduate course in the Metropolitan Hospital, New York, and is now at the Homeopathic Hospital here.

Dr. Perrigard said, in part: The history of homeopathy began with Samuel Hahnemann. He graduated from the University of Erlangen at the age of 24. He was a student of exceptional ability and attained wide fame as an original investigator in the chemical world. For example, he originated the "wine test" to discover lead adulterations. In 1796 he announced his new medical doctrine. This was done only after exhaustive experiments upon healthy human beings. His idea was that drugs were being given too freely.

On account of the severe medical and civil persecution, he left Germany and went to France, where he continued his investigations. He theories found favor in many lands, and in the United States especially.

Homeopathy is a therapeutic law, cure through similarity, applicable to medically curable constitutional diseases, with or without secondary lesions, and formulated similia similibus curentur—let likes be treated by likes, upon the understanding that the similarity here meant a symptom similarity.

A homeopathic physician is one who adds to his knowledge of medicine a special knowledge of homeopathic therapeutics, and observes the law of similia. All that pertains to the great field of medical learning is his by tradition, by inheritance and by right.

The speaker then went on to describe homeopathic methods of treating disease, showing how the drug was chosen which, when given in sufficient quantity, would produce the symptoms of that disease.

In closing, Dr. Perrigard recommended that all medical men have a working knowledge of homeopathy.

A vote of thanks to Dr. Perrigard was moved by B. A. Kinney, '16, seconded by H. B. Church, '17, and carried unanimously, and the prolonged applause which followed showed how keenly the paper was appreciated.

A. Goldbloom, '16, then read a paper which he had written for the competition for the Medical Society prize. It was favorably received. Following this, another selection was given by the Mandolin Club, which was encored several times.

Mr. Affleck then thanked the club for the splendid entertainment they had provided.

Dr. Morgan, the chief surgeon at the Homeopathic Hospital, was called upon. He was brief, but well received.

Mr. Riley, the new lecturer in physics, was also called upon for a few remarks, and spoke briefly. He called attention to the importance of an elementary knowledge of general physical laws. He said it was only an accident that he did not follow medicine.

Announcement was made that Dr. H. Oertel would read a paper on "The Relation of Science to Medicine" at the next meeting. Then followed refreshments and the discussion of a case report.

1917 ANNUAL

The Editorial Board of the 1917 Annual will meet at the R.V.C. next Wednesday evening, at 7.45 P.M. The business to come up for discussion is important and every member of the Board is earnestly requested to attend.

RICHARDSON FOR COUNCIL

The Only Man Nominated From Medical Faculty.

ELECTIONS DECEMBER 6th

Two Men From Arts and Science Are Running, While Law Has Three.

T. M. Richardson, Med. '17, is representative to the Students' Council from Medicine by acclamation. His nomination was the only one turned in from Medicine at the time of closing at 6 o'clock last night. The new member of the Students' Council will take his seat on January 1. He is a graduate of McGill in Arts and is popular among his fellow-students.

Nominations in the other faculties are as follows:

Arts.

F. P. BANFIELD, H. R. MORGAN.

Law.

W. B. GALVIN, F. W. HACKETT, D. A. McDONALD.

Applied Science.

G. H. ROCHESTER, S. J. W. LIDDY.

Elections to fill these offices will take place on December 6.

ACTIVITIES AT R.V.C. FOR COMING WEEK

Red Cross Work, Basketball, and French Society Occupy Time of Students.

Red Cross Work for Holidays.

Mrs. Holland will be in the common room on Tuesday, November 30, from 9 a.m. until 11 a.m., and from 12 until 1 p.m., to give out material.

Work will also be given out on Tuesday, December 6, at the same hours. Kindly bring back finished work on these days.

R. V. C. Partials.

All partials are cordially invited to attend the first basketball practice on Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock sharp. Will those who are willing to come to help the team please sign their names to the notice on the R. V. C. bulletin board?

Invitation to the Re-Union.

All R.V.C. students studying French are invited to attend the re-union of the Alliance Francaise. The cards for this lecture are as follows:

"Le Comte de l'Alliance Francaise de Montreal vous prie d'assister a la conference de M. Henry Coville, professeur d'histoire au Lycee de Reims. Le sujet est la France et l'Independance de la Grece. La conference sera dans la grande salle de l'Hotel Ritz Carlton, le samedi, 27 novembre, 1915, at 8h. 30s."

FIFTY-TON MACHINE FOR TESTING BEAMS

Student of University of Cincinnati Makes Portable Tester For Concrete.

A portable testing machine for testing concrete T-beams was recently built in the repair shops of the University of Cincinnati by one of the students. It was designed for a safe load of fifty tons, but was used up to a total load of 150,000 pounds, without showing any signs of failure. The machine was used to test concrete beams ten feet long, 42 inches wide by 12 inches deep. It was constructed at a total cost of \$245, including \$125 for labor.

What's On

To-day.
4.00 to 6.00—At-home at University Settlement for Juniors.
5.00—Fencing practice at Union.
5.15—Gym. classes at Y.M.C.A.
8.30—Alliance Francaise lecture at the Ritz-Carlton.

Nov. 28—Maccabean Circle meeting at Royal Arcanum Chambers.
Nov. 29—Open meeting Philosophical Society.

Nov. 29—Literary and Debating Society meeting.

Dec. 1—Meeting of Editorial Board of the 1917 Annual, at 7.45, at R.V.C.
Dec. 1—Basketball practice for Partials at 11 p.m.

Dec. 3—Arts Undergrad. Smoker.
Dec. 6—Elections for Students' Council.
Dec. 9—Concert at R.V.C. at 8.30.

DOUKHOBORS DESCRIBED

Rev. J. S. Woodsworth Gives Historical Sketch

READS OFFICIAL REPORTS

In Hands of Police When They Visited Fort William on Pilgrimage.

Last night the Rev. J. S. Woodsworth commenced his new series of lectures in connection with Canadian immigration problems, of "Groups of Immigrants With Which I Am Acquainted," by giving a description of the Doukhobors.

The Doukhobors became known to us through the newspapers during the time of their pilgrimages. As we will remember, some of these Doukhobors started to leave the west and march eastward until they were rounded up by the police.

In 1907 there was a second pilgrimage, which he himself witnessed, and in which he became involved. Evidently the people wished for a warmer country, so they again set out on a pilgrimage. This time they expected that when they got to the Atlantic they could make a passage of it in a somewhat similar way as the Children of Israel crossed the Red Sea. However they only got as far as Fort William, where the police were forced to take care of them owing to their desire to get back to the Adam and Eve state of civilization on the spot. We must make allowances for these fanciful outbreaks. In the first place, we ought to consider that our forefathers held somewhat similar views on religion. Hence the crusades. In the second place, neither of these pilgrimages were undertaken by the sect as a whole; in fact, it did not even approve of it.

Mr. Woodsworth now read the report of the Royal Commission on the Doukhobors. They were found to be the essence of kindness and hospitality. They did not once hear an angry word, or any sign of friction between them. Their home life was delightful. Their houses were plain and contained no furniture, and, above all, were spotlessly clean. The only thing ever criticized in their hygienic conveniences was that some houses were poorly ventilated. Their habits were good. They were vegetarians, and as a rule abstained from intoxicants. They were entirely free from crime and industries. The most important thing about them, from the point of view of being desirable immigrants, was that they were purely an agricultural people. Their morals were good, and as a rule they kept their marriage laws. However, they were unwilling to educate their children, as they believed that it would induce them to leave the land.

The commission paid a visit to one of their communities in British Columbia. Here they found a well-organized village, with a post office, a hospital, which was seldom filled, and a public bath. The dwellings were tidy and their streets clean. In the store the goods were distributed without payment of any description.

In the country there were valuable horses. Their land was in good condition. There were three saw mills. Besides an extensive irrigation system, an electric plant and a grist mill, an elevator was being installed.

The lecturer now commenced a short historical sketch of this sect, which originally came from Russia. Their origin was shrouded, as they did not keep written records. It was evident that they were a sect of dissenters in the Greek Orthodox Church. About a hundred years ago they were first noticed when the High Priests sent some of them to Siberia in irons for heresy. Tolstoy gives literary expression to the religion he found among these people. It is interesting to note that "Doukhor" means spirit wrestler.

After this they were exiled to a district near the Crimea. Here they established a fairly strong power. Farming was not their only business at this time, for they were also engaged in making sashes and woollen hats. The governor of the district described them as sober and industrious. They considered themselves Christians, and interpreted Christ's teachings literally. The Scriptures were passed down by word of mouth, and they discouraged any form of reading.

The Russian Government evidently considered that their customs were incompatible with those of the other inhabitants, and now expelled them to the country across the Caucasus among the fierce Tartar tribes. In spite of the roughness of the country and fierce invasions from the tribes before-mentioned, they succeeded in adapting themselves to their new circumstances and again became prosperous. When the Russian Government realized this, they began to regret their absence.

(Continued on Page 2.)

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McGill Daily

The Only College Daily in Canada.

The Official Organ of the Undergraduate Body of McGill University.

Published every day except Sunday by THE STUDENTS' COUNCIL.

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EDITORS FOR THIS ISSUE: News Editor in charge—T. J. Kelly. Associate Editor—V. E. Green.

The Rolling Stone

So far as picking a vocation is concerned, college graduates make two great mistakes. Some of them pick no vocation at all; others pick theirs too certainly. The man who picks none at all, needs little advice; merely "pick one." But the man who has picked one too surely, needs to be reminded that about four-fifths of the people of this world "miss their calling." They do so because they pick a vocation too early in life; and they miss their life's opportunity because they hang on so determinedly to their profession.

"A rolling stone gathers no moss." So says a time honored maxim. What it means is this: "Get out and stir about, else you will be a 'mossback'." This maxim was first uttered by a great philosopher; and it contained a great lesson; but the people were so taken up with dogma about one "persevering young man, who has grit and determination and stays with his job," that they misinterpreted it altogether, and read into it a lesson meaning "the man who stayed at home made the money." Most absurd! Money has nothing in common with moss; indeed, it is generally conceded to be more like that substance known as "dough." Now, if a stone is rolled in dough under the proper conditions, it will increase in size like a snowball.

We will agree with the upholders of the popular conception of the above motto, that the most worthless, moneyless people in the world are those that continually shift from one vocation to another. But certainly, much harm is done by our too common practice of going to the other extreme of the doctrine. The Romans believed that every man had a talent for one thing, and his success depended upon his finding it. There must be a good deal of truth in this, hence, a man certainly should "roll" until he has found the vocation for which he is best fitted by nature. Unless he does, he may spend a life of labor and disappointment, the failure of which has been doomed from the start.

What Co-Education Teaches

Miss Eleanor M. Albridge, a student at the St. Lawrence University, at Canton, N.Y., gives a woman's opinion regarding co-education, gained from her experience at the above institution, where the idea of co-ordinate work has been discarded and men and women students are treated alike, no discrimination being made in the matter of education. She says:

First, then, co-education teaches girls not to flirt. When a girl attends classes with a young man, when she works with him and plays with him, she learns to see him as he really is, and laughs at the idea of "superior man," who was created for woman to attract and hold. No, I am not a suffragist, but I do think a co-educational college is an excellent place for a sentimental high school girl to go to recover her saner feelings; neither am I a prude, I hope, but "a man's a man for a' that." I think that at a co-educational college a girl learns to appreciate the right side of a man, the serious side with the gay. It is hard for a girl really to know a man she has only met at dances, but let her meet him in the morning when her hair has refused to look right and she knows her hat is on crooked; let them strive together toward a common goal of "education" in its truest, finest sense, and you will have an ideal companionship, a comrade spirit similar to that of the "little boy and girl" age, only a matured friendship, a reliable one and a purer, truer attitude toward this poor abused old world.

Editorial Notes

The loyalty of the Japanese to things made in Japan is seen in the educational world. It takes at least seven years of study to give a Japanese student a fair working knowledge of his own ideographs, and a couple of years will give him a fair knowledge of English. The tendency, however, is plainly marked to turn western textbooks into the Japanese language, even for the use of students who read and speak English.

Intercollegiate debating is growing steadily in the colleges of the United States, there being but one college of prominence in the country that does not carry on some form of forensic contest. There are 500 institutions of college rank having from one to four debates each year, and this means approximately 1,000 debating teams of three men each. Not fewer than 25,000 college students represent their colleges every year in debate.

One in 1,000 of these debaters is a young woman. The universities of Oregon and Washington hold an annual debate in which only women take part. At the University of Michigan more than 60 men enter every competition, and in a year not long ago the aspirants for debating honors reached 153.

Correspondence

The Daily is not responsible for the sentiments of letters published in the correspondence column. Signed communications from graduates, undergraduates and members of the faculty will be placed in print if they are not of too great length.

Correspondents are requested to observe the unwritten law of the newspaper office—that they write upon ONE side of the paper ONLY. No communications will be admitted to this column without the name of the writer being attached FOR PUBLICATION.

In Defence of Mr. Wolff.

To the Editor of the Daily:

Dear Sir,—Concerning a letter that appeared in your Correspondence Column on the morning of the 25th, signed by Mr. R. DeWitt Scott, I would like to make a statement. But, prior to that, I would make an explanation to the effect that I shall say nothing possible of interpretation as criticism of the late C. O. T. C. controversy, of the men who conducted it or of any irrelevant statements which may have been printed during it. I wish to be left absolutely on the outside of all of it, and to concern myself with but one opinion which appeared yesterday.

That opinion questioned Mr. Wolff's right to participate in the fact that all Canadians are loyal, and insinuated that his might be sympathies dishonorable to a Canadian during the present crisis. I have known Mr. Wolff and been more or less intimate with him during the past four years. On reading this morning's Daily I felt a great injustice had been done him and set about among our classmates inquiring whether or not, under any circumstances they had ever heard Mr. Wolff make statements that would lead to even a suspicion that his heart was not in the right place when patriotism was the question. In each instance the answer was no—never. Many did not know that he had German blood in him.

This, concerning Mr. Wolff, is the opinion of those who know him best, who work with him daily. Is it not sufficient to clear him in the mind of the Student Body—if there he has ever been under suspicion. And if such a consensus of opinion be sufficient to such an end, may we not in all due justice expect a withdrawal of the statement.

Trusting that the matter will not be carried to a more serious stage without grave deliberation and full justification.

I remain, dear sir, Thanking you kindly for your space, JOHN R. NUGENT, Med '17.

ATTENDANCE POOR AT WRESTLING WORK

Few Men Turned Up Yesterday, But Hard Workout Took Place.

There was a very poor attendance at the wrestling practice yesterday afternoon, but those who did turn out practised various holds and falls and had several hard bouts. Practices will be held on each Monday and Friday in future, and it is hoped that there will be a better attendance in future than has been the case so far.

George Smith will be present on Monday, and any one interested in the wrestling game will scarcely find a better opportunity to learn the fine points of the sport than is afforded by these practices. As has been announced before, a challenge has been received from the Cornell University, but the executive of the McGill Club cannot decide to make the trip unless more interest is shown in wrestling than has hitherto been in evidence this season.

GREENSHIELDS IN LONDON.

Lieut. Greenshields, the former McGill man, who has been wounded with the 24th Battalion in France, is now in London. He is slightly wounded in the arm.

DOUKHOBORS ARE DESCRIBED

(Continued from page 1.) ed in their case. They now migrated to Canada (1898) under the following conditions: 1. They would be allowed to settle in communities. 2. They would not have to bear arms.

Mr. Woodsworth made the startling statement that the Doukhobors had been almost as badly treated in Canada as in Russia. After they had worked hard for eight years in Saskatchewan undergoing all the hardships of pioneer life, they were asked to register individually, as the other immigrants were required to do. This, it must be noticed, was a breach of faith by the Government, which had promised them that they would be allowed to settle one large section of land as a community. Upon refusing to do this, their lands were confiscated, and they were made to settle on fresh lands, fifteen acres to a man.

Not trusting the Government, some proceeded to buy land from the Hudson Bay Company. Others, hearing reports that there was a warmer climate and fruit, which appealed to vegetarians, in British Columbia, migrated there. Those that abandoned their land received no compensation.

Of those that did not go to British Columbia, some were Non-Community Doukhobors, who had separated themselves from their sect. The others lived in a community, and it was interesting to note that they kept in contact with their brethren in British Columbia by trading with them.

From the large number of questions asked at the close of the lecture, it was evident that it proved very interesting.

Mr. Woodsworth announced that at his lecture next Friday night he would give a description of the Ruthenians and Menchikits.

Undergraduates on Active Service

Abbott, W. H.Sci. 1915
Abbott-Smith, R. B.Sci. 1917
Abell, M. C.Med. 1916
Abinovich, PhilipLaw 1918
Allan, HughArts 1918
Apps, C. O.Med. 1919
Archibald, W. C.Med. 1918
Armstrong, R. S.Sci. 1917
Armour, E. B. P.Sci. 1915

Armstrong, F. S.Arts 1918
Badgley, F. C.Sci. 1916

Baillie, G. I.Sci. 1917
Barrett, J. E. R.Arts 1916
Bankier, J. P.Med. 1919
Dauset, J.Arch. 1916
Bealrsto, W. P. B.Sci. 1917
Bell, E.Med. 1918
Benson, M.Med. 1919
Bennett, C. M.Sci. 1918
Benning, C. H.Med. 1915
Bertram, J. K.Med. 1916
Beveridge, W. W.Med. 1919
Biggar, W. H.Arts 1917
Birks, G. A.Arch. 1919
Bishop, L. F.Med. 1918
Bissett, G. W.Med. 1916
Black, A. H.Arts 1918
Black, H.Sci. 1918
Blackstock, A. H.Sci. 1915
Bouthillier, C. C.Arch. 1916
Branch, J. R. A.Arts 1918
Brooks, W. A.Med. 1919
Brooks, C. L.Sci. 1918
Brophym, M. J.Sci. 1917

Brown, C. I.Sci. 1918
Brown, F. M.Arts 1917
Brown, J. S.Med. 1917
Bruce, A. S.Law 1916
Buchanan, C. A.Sci. 1917
Bull, W. E.Sci. 1915
Busby, E. M.Med. 1918
Campbell, C. W.Arts 1918
Calder, Wm. McC.Arts 1918
Campbell, N. G.Sci. 1917
Carnes, CharlesSci. 1916

Cartwright, G. H.Sci. 1917
Cate, E.Arts 1918
Chauvin, E. H.Arts 1915
Chipman, N. I.Arch. 1916
Chisholm, H. A.Law 1916
Chisholm, J. F.Arts 1918
Chisholm, A. N.Med. 1916
Church, C. K.Med. 1915
Cliff, H. H.Arts 1918
Cockfield, ErnestSci. 1918
Coomes, B.Sci. 1918
Copeland, J. G.Arts 1916
Craik, O. S.Arts 1918
Creaghan, A.Sci. 1917

Creaghan, T. C.Sci. 1916
Creighton, C. R.Sci. 1917
Creighton, C. P.Sci. 1916
Davidson, D. G.Sci. 1917
Davidson, G. H.Sci. 1915
Davidson, W. McD.Med. 1919
Desbray, E. M.Sci. 1916

Desbray, H. A.Med. 1917
Dobson, R. M.Arts 1917
Donald, F. C.Arts 1916
Douglas, G. V.Sci. 1916

Dunton, W. E.Arts 1917
Elkington, E. H. W.Med. 1917
Emery, H. A.Sci. 1916
Everett, H. S.Arts 1916
Farlinger, A. C.Med. 1917
Ferrier, A.Sci. 1915
Field, C. V. G.Sci. 1917
Fisher, F.Sci. 1916

Fisher, P. S.Arts 1918
Fitz-Henry, E. G.Sci. 1916
Fowles, F. F.Med. 1919
Foster, S. C.Sci. 1918
Fullerton, A. T.Sci. 1916
Gall, G. L.Med. 1916
Gallagher, C. A. W.Arts 1917
Gareau, U. J.Med. 1916
Gardner, A. J.Med. 1919
Gendron, J. F. E.Sci. 1915

Giles, G. R.Sci. 1917
Gilman, W. C.Sci. 1916

Gillmor, H. M.Med. 1917
Goodeve, A. C.Sci. 1917
Gordon, G. G. S.Sci. 1917

Graham, CyrilSci. 1915
Green, J. K. M.Sci. 1915
Greene, L. K.Sci. 1916
Griffith, H. R.Med. 1918
Grigg, A. P.Arts 1916
Guion, N. M.Med. 1916

Hall, R.Arts 1918
Hall, T. S.Sci. 1917
Hanington, F. C.Sci. 1917
Harkness, R. W.Sci. 1917
Harold, J. T.Arts 1916
Harvey, A. D.Arch. 1917

Haszard, J. A.Med. 1915
Heron, A. W.Arts 1917
Henry, C. B.Med. 1919
Hobart, G. M.Sci. 1916
Hogarth, F. G.Sci. 1918
Horsey, C. M.Sci. 1915

Hooper, J. A. V.Med. 1918
Horsey, C. M.Sci. 1915
Hutchison, K. O.Med. 1919
Hutchison, P. P.Arts 1917
Hutchison, R.Arts 1917
Hutchison, B. C.Arch. 1916

Hunter, W. A.Med. 1917
Ireland, E. H.Law 1918
Jenks, A. N.Med. 1918
Jenckes, K. B.Sci. 1917

Keeping, B. C.Med. 1918
Kelr, R. W.Arts 1917
Kelly, J. C.Sci. 1918
Kendall, C. J.Med. 1917
Kilgour, J. R.Arts 1917
Kinsman, R. P.Med. 1918

Kirby, G. H.Sci. 1917
Kitchener, H. H.Sci. 1915
Lake, J. L. E. R.Sci. 1916

Lalanne, J. A.Arts 1917
Laird, RossSci. 1917
Lapp, V. R.Med. 1918
Laurin, E. M.Dent. 1919
Leahey, D. R.Med. 1918
LeBel, M. W.Med. 1917
Leger, O. E.Sci. 1915
Lester, W. R.Sci. 1918

Lighthall, W. S.Arts 1917
Lindsay, S. B.Arch. 1916
Lindsay, K. R.Arts 1918

Lockhart, J. R.Med. 1918
Loebeck, L.Sci. 1919
Logan, H. L.Med. 1919
Lowry, W. C.Med. 1916

Loy, J. A.Sci. 1917
Lyons, G. A.Med. 1916
MacArthur, R. A.Med. 1917
MacCague, N. F.Sci. 1916

McCracken, M. R.Arts 1916
McCracken, H. E.Arts 1916
McCormick, R. R.Med. 1919
McCullough, J. T.Med. 1919

McCusker, E. A.Med. 1916
McCullagh, E. C.Theo. 1918
McCulloch, O. J.Sci. 1917

(Continued on page 3).

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AMUSEMENTS. IMPERIAL. LAST DAY William Farnum in Samson (Not a Biblical Subject). PATHE NEWS And Other Pictures. 15th and Last Chapter of "THE GODDESS". SPECIAL — SUNDAY ONLY Return Engagement THE JUGGERNAUT.

LONDON. Opp. Phillips Square. SAT. and SUN. CHARLIE CHAPLIN And His Screen Rival BILLIE RITCHIE In a Two Part Comedy Stolen Hearts and Nickels also Grace Valentine In a Daring Novelty In Three Dramatic Acts. The New Adam and Eve. MON., TUES., WED. The Adventures of a Madcap In Four Parts. CHAPLIN COMEDY ON EVERY BILL.

AMUSEMENTS. ALL WEEK Matinee This P.M. George Driscoll Presents Augustus Thomas' Best Play THE OTHER GIRL. FIRST TIME IN MONTREAL. MATS., ALL SEATS RESERVED, 25c. EVENINGS, 25c and 50c. Next Week: The Climbers. VAUDEVILLE ORPHEUM. MATINEE EVERY DAY, 15-25 Cents. Edward Abeles & Co.; Chief Campbell; Coni Wood & Wyde; Lita McMillan & Co.; "Miniature Review"; Haydn, Borden, Haydn; Marguerite Farrell; Pieler & Scofield; Pathe's Gazette. SUNDAY Feature Concerts, at 2 and 7 p.m. GAYETY Burlesque. Afternoon 15c to 25c. Prices Evening, 15c to 75c. BARNEY GERARD'S "FOLLIES OF THE DAY." With Geo. P. Murphy, Gertrude Hayt and Chester Nelson.

SOME SECRETS OF THE BRITISH WAR OFFICE

(By A. S. N.)

The other day a most curious occurrence befell me. Walking on the shore—that is to say, on a shore of Lake St. Louis—I discerned floating in the water something that strongly resembled a bottle. Amazed at such a remarkable sight, I instantly threw off my clothes—not omitting my boots and glasses—and plunged in to rescue it. When I had brought it to land, I discovered that the mouth was closed, apparently with a cork—or, rather, to be more exact, a stopper, as I am now in the habit of substituting various inferior substances for the true Spanish cork. Much interesting discussion might arise if this matter were brought before the proper authorities: However, to resume. As I did not happen to have a corkscrew with me at the moment, I was unable to open the bottle, but on taking it home with me, I discovered within a document. This missive, remarkable as it may seem, was written in German by one of the many spies who infest the shores of England. Yes, England, my friends. I am firmly convinced that this bottle travelled by some mysterious sub-current across the Atlantic, up the Gulf and so into Lake St. Louis. A young acquaintance of mine has attempted to ridicule my explanation, mentioning the fact that the bottle must have ascended the river against the current and passed the Lachine Rapids. This is easily explained by my theory of an undertow, while the bottle probably passed through the canal, thus avoiding the rapids.

At any rate, the document came from the hands of a spy, who had thrown it into the sea in the hope that it would reach the shores of Germany, or that a "U-boat" would pick it up. The information contained in it is, to say the least, astounding. It shows an intimate knowledge of the methods and secrets of the British War Office, and particularly the measures taken against the submarine and Zeppelin menaces. A copy of the letter follows:

Somewhere in October, 1915, To William Hohenzollern, Esq., Potsdam.

Dear William,—
(You observe that the spy must have been one in high authority from the unconventional nature of the greeting.) I have just overheard a conversation between Lord Kitchener and Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, in which the former let slip most valuable information, which I hereby re-emit. First, then, let me give an explanation of the remarkable immunity of British transports during the war. It appears that the transports travel only at night. In front of each ship is a huge iron rod, at the end of which is a large floating platform. Upon this is erected an immense screen, similar to that used in moving picture theatres. Upon the transport is an incredibly strong light, by means of which a photographic reproduction of the transport is thrown upon the screen. Now, when our gallant sailors observe this some night, they naturally are delighted with which they aim and launch a torpedo—but what happens? Nothing—at least nothing evident, but in reality much. What occurs is this: Beneath the platform is a vast number of tightly-strung vertical wires, some one and a half feet apart. The torpedo, plunging forward, is caught and held between these, the shock not being sufficient to explode it. Another is fired. The

same result follows: Another and another, until the ammunition is exhausted. Then the day dawns. Imagine, if you can, the wrath and chagrin of our gallant men to see, transfixed, like herrings on a steaming fork, their entire stock of missiles at \$4,000 per. My heart bleeds for my country.

But this is as nothing when compared with the even more infamous trickery played upon our unsuspecting heroes at other times. The perfidious English now paint upon their floating mines the words, "Petrol for Submarines" in German. Our poor lads, wearied after a long voyage, see one of these with expectant delight. With what cheerful shouts they board it! We can picture them clustered about it with shining, open faces. Then the captain strikes off the top. Crash! and in a moment all are no more! Yet these English venture to call us inhuman!

But the culminating point of these disclosures, my dear William, is a revelation of the manner in which we have lost a number of our newest Zeppelins while they were engaged in destroying fortified camps in the English Channel and the Irish Sea. This secret I have discovered only after infinite care and labor. Yesterday, disguised as a beggar, I saw Lord Kitchener descend the steps of the War Office, thrusting into his trousers pocket a paper which he had just received from Mr. Asquith, who accompanied him. I instantly stepped forward and asked for charity. As I had anticipated, Kitchener took out the despatch and held it in his left hand, while searching his pockets with his right. I snatched it from him and sprang down a nearby sewer. My pursuers followed. On the top rung of the ladder, however, Lord Kitchener slipped, precipitating Mr. Asquith to the foot and putting an end to operations. I emerged at London Bridge by swimming, and mingled with the crowd there, thus escaping notice. This, of course, is the explanation of Mr. Asquith's so-called "illness," which compelled his absence from Parliament.

I extracted the following information from the despatch. It seems that the English villains have invented a very small and swift type of aeroplane, fitted with an absolutely silent electric engine. When, on a foggy night, one of our airships is soaring serenely above the clouds, a number of these deadly craft rise from the ground, each having beneath it a heavy weight on a long wire cord, with a trigger attachment which permits of the weight being released at will. The aeroplane flies over the Zeppelin, and the weight, which is fitted with a large hook, is attached to the envelope. You see, do you not, the brutal simplicity of the design. When the operation is repeated several times, the Zeppelin becomes top-heavy at the attacked end and begins to sink. Ballast is thrown out and the speed increased. But only the light end rises, the heavier one sinking even deeper. The crew and armament, of course, fall toward that end, and the craft sinks rapidly. When it seems likely to fall into the sea, one of the hostile craft flies past and dislodges a weight, thus decreasing the speed of descent. Finally the Zeppelin is ignominiously landed on the shores of perfidious Albion, where it is sold as "natural gas—of German origin." Such, in brief, my dear William, are the cruel secrets which have caused such loss to the fatherland.

Trusting this will reach you by the Gulf Stream at an early date, I am, Yours truly,
ANANIAS VON KLUCK-KLUCK,
14th Baron Munchausen.

QUIPS

—By T. J. K.

Good morning! Have you written a letter to The Daily?

The following news item was NOT run in The Daily, but we hardly think that any one will doubt the extreme possibility of such an experiment as is described in it being tried. We refer to this:

"There is an apparently well-founded opinion going the rounds of the University to the effect that a school of letter-writing will be instituted in the near future. As is natural, information is hard to secure, but we have it from one who is supposed to know that such a step is being seriously contemplated. No doubt can exist as to the fact that a large attendance can be assured and able exponents of the might of the pen be discovered within the walls of old McGill. As far as can be ascertained, no definite date has been taken, but Dame Rumor has put in circulation a forecast of a possible staff personnel in the following names:

A. B. Rosevear, Dean.
J. Moran, Dean Emeritus (who will retire with a pension, four gallons of ink and a ton of writing paper).
S. R. McCreary—Critic-in-chief, and assisted by:

T. C. Wolff, who will be given the usual honorary degree, which is well known.

There are of course other names mooted which can be very easily guessed. It is anticipated that leather medals suitably engraved will be put up for competition; these will be donated by the officers of the C. O. T. C.

Any further plans will be announced as they come to light.

We cannot see friend Europe's cards. Towards us she holds their backs; But we will gamble just the same. That some of her kings are jacks.

This week we will be very much obliged

If You Can Tell Us

Who were the Science Juniors who consulted a down-town lawyer as to the possibility of legal proceedings against The Daily if their names were published in the threatened exposure concerning their parading St. Catherine street adorned with cheap jewelry?

Who was the Arts student who wrote to Annie Laurie of the Toronto Sunday World for advice in the matter of matrimonial prospects?

The name of the Arts Junior who cleaned out the pie department of the Ham-and the other evening.

And is it true that he has applied for a flat rate in the future with an extra percentage for anything over forty per cent?

Would it not be a good idea for The Daily to head the correspondence column with the words "HIRE A HALL?"

Who the medical student was who, having told a certain young lady that he was much devoted to art, and, on being asked what particular art he liked best, responded, "Thou art."

Did Fat Allen object to the holding of the Arts dinner this year on the grounds that he didn't think there would be pie enough to go around?

Who were the Engineering students who flirted so ably with the "female" book agent that visited the Science building last week and who proved to be a detective in disguise?

And have those students been anxiously awaiting this issue of The Daily to see if their names grace this column?

Was the reporter merely trying to "tatty" the players when he said in

(Continued on Page 4.)

Undergraduates on Active Service

(Continued from Page 2.)

M MacDonald, D. M.	Sci. 1917	Signalier, 2nd Signal Co., Canadian Engineers.
McDonald, A. L.	Med. 1919	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
McDonald, D. O.	Med. 1919	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
McDonald, H. R.	Med. 1919	Trooper, 2nd Can. Mounted Rifles.
McEwen, E.	Sci. 1917	Sergt., 17th Battalion, C.E.F.
McFarlane, K. A.	Sci. 1915	Lieut., Middlesex Regiment, B.E.F.
McFarlane, M. D.	Sci. 1916	Lieut., Divisional Signal Co., Canadian Engineers.
McFarlane, D. H.	Sci. 1917	Gunner, 21st Battery, C.F.A.
McIntosh, E. D.	Sci. 1916	2nd Field Co., Canadian Engineers.
McIntyre, G.	Sci. 1916	Pte., 73rd Battalion, C.E.F.
MacKellar, D. W.	Arts 1913	Lance-Corp., No. 6 Field Ambulance, C.E.F.
McKenzie, J. W.	Med. 1917	Corpl., No. 6 Field Ambulance, C.E.F.
McKenzie, C. S.	Med. 1918	Lieut., Royal Garrison Artillery.
McPhail, D. S.	Sci. 1916	Corpl., 24th Battalion (wounded).
Mackenzie, B. H. T.	Sci. 1916	Gunner, 21st Battery, C.F.A. (died).
Mackay, A. H.	Sci. 1915	Sergt., 87th Battalion, C.E.F.
Mackay, J.	Arts 1916	Lieut., 64th Battalion, C.E.F.
Mackay, R.	Arts 1916	Bomb., 27th Battery, C.F.A.
MacLean, W. H.	Sci. 1916	Pte., 13th Battalion, C.E.F.
MacLaurin, D. C.	Sci. 1916	Pte., 42nd Battalion, C.E.F.
McLeod, D. W.	Arts 1917	1st Universities Co., C.E.F.
McLeod, J. M.	Arts 1917	Pte., 24th Battalion, C.E.F.
McLeod, Archie	Arch. 1915	(Wounded).
McTaggart, W. B.	Sci. 1915	Lieut., 12th Battery, C.F.A. (Wounded; rejoined unit).
Nack, H. J.	Med. 1915	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Nack, C. G.	Sci. 1916	Pte., No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Nanning, C. E.	Sci. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Nathanson, Ken.	Arts 1917	Lieut., Royal Naval Air Service.
Mawdsley, J. B.	Sci. 1917	Pte., P.P.C.L.I.
Merrett, E. S.	Arts 1918	Lieut., Army Service Corps.
Miller, G. C.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Miller, R. L.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Miller, F. G.	Med. 1918	Private, 73rd Battalion, C.E.F.
Mills, J. W.	Arts 1916	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Montgomery, L. C.	Med. 1916	Gunner, 21st Battery, C.F.A.
Montgomery, S. C.	Sci. 1915	Lieut., 42nd Battalion, C.E.F.
Morse, E. D.	Sci. 1916	Q.M.S., 1st Universities Co., C.E.F.
Morris, S. W. H.	Sci. 1916	Lieut., 17th Service Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Mucklow, G. F.	Sci. 1916	Lieut., Royal Field Artillery, B.E.F. (Awarded D.S.O.).
Murison, C. A. P.	Arts 1916	Lieut., 13th Battalion, C.E.F.
Morrow, J. C. M.	Sci. 1915	Gunner, 4th Siege Battery, Heavy Artillery.
Mullen, Harold	Sci. 1918	Sergt., Machine Gun Sec., 14th Batt., C.E.F.
Nesbitt, J. K.	Arch. 1916	Pte., No. 6 Field Ambulance, C.E.F.
Newsam, A. R.	Med. 1916	Lieut., 9th Border Regiment, B.E.F. (Killed in action).
Ogilvie, W. E.	Sci. 1915	Lieut., 64th Battalion, C.E.F.
O'Leary, Harry	Sci. 1917	2nd Sanitary Section, C.E.F.
O'Meara, R. B.	Arts 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Ord, W. E.	Med. 1917	Lieut., Royal Engineers, Signals, General H. Q. M.E.F.
Ord, S. A.	Sci. 1916	23rd Battalion, C.E.F.
Parkes, A. J. R.	Arts 1915	Pte., Canadian Overseas Railway Construction Corps.
Parke, J. S.	Sci. 1916	1st Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Parker, L. H.	Sci. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Paine, H. G. C.	Med. 1916	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Palmer, J. H.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Parsons, W. S.	Med. 1917	Lieut., Sussex Regt., B.E.F.
Pickard-Cambridge, T. D.	Sci. 1916	Lieut., B.E.F.
Pedley, F. G.	Med. 1916	Capt., Duchess of Connaught's Hospital, Cliveden, England.
Penney, Edgar	Sci. 1916	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Pickup, W. A.	Med. 1916	5th Canadian Mounted Rifles.
Price, R. F.	Med. 1916	Gunner, 4th Siege Battery, Heavy Artillery, C.E.F.
Ralston, H. E.	Arts 1916	Pte., Canadian Overseas Railway Construction Corps.
Rankine, A. D.	Sci. 1918	Lieut., H. Q. staff, 5th Brigade, C.F.A.
Reeve, C. E.	Sci. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Reddy, E. B. F.	Sci. 1917	2nd Division, C.E.F.
Redman, R. E.	Med. 1916	Lieut., 23rd Battalion, C.E.F.
Reid, J. M.	Sci. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Reid, G. E.	Arts 1915	Lieut., Ordnance Corps, C.E.F.
Reid, L. C.	Med. 1916	Lieut., Ordnance Corps, C.E.F.
Reid, E. N.	Sci. 1917	Lieut., Ordnance Corps, C.E.F.
Reiffenstein, J. C.	Sci. 1918	Lieut., Royal Engineers, B.E.F.
Reynard, L. F.	Sci. 1915	Cadet, Royal Garrison Artillery, B.E.F.
Rickards, A. T.	Sci. 1915	2nd Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Rittenhouse, H. W.	Sci. 1916	Sergt., 35th Battery, C.F.A.
Robertson, K. B.	Sci. 1917	Lieut., Divisional Engineers, C.E.F.
Robertson, Murray	Sci. 1916	Pte., Machine Gun Section, 14th Battalion, C.E.F.
Robertson, R. W. S.	Arch. 1915	Sergt., 27th Battery, C.F.A.
Rochester, L. H.	Sci. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Roman, Lightfoot	Med. 1917	1st Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Routledge, H. O.	Sci. 1915	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Rose, W. H.	Med. 1919	Lieut., 73rd Battalion, C.E.F.
Ross, D. E.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Ross, I. A.	Arts 1918	Lieut., 73rd Battalion, C.E.F.
Ross, Herb.	Arts 1916	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Ross, A. G.	Med. 1919	Lieut., B. E. F.
Pussell, A. C.	Sci. 1916	Pte., 4th Infantry Brigade, C.E.F.
Rutherford, A. B.	Sci. 1916	2nd Signal Co., Can. Engineers.
Rutherford, W. J.	Sci. 1917	Gunner, 35th Battery, C.F.A.
Rutherford, W. K.	Sci. 1918	Sergt., No. 1 General Hospital, Bulford Manor House.
Saunders, F. W.	Dent. 1915	Sapper, Canadian Engineers, C.E.F.
Sawers, B. L.	Sci. 1915	Lieut., 8th Canadian Mounted Rifles.
Scott, H. A.	Sci. 1916	Lieut., 24th Battalion, C.E.F.
Scott, C. O.	Arts 1915	Corp., 27th Battery, C.F.A.
Scott, H. E.	Arts 1913	Pte., P.P.C.L.I., C.E.F.
Scrivner, W. de M.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Seath, W. P.	Sci. 1916	Gunner, 21st Battery, C.F.A.
Skeete, H. E.	Med. 1918	Sergt., No. 6 Field Ambulance.
Shrimpton, D. J.	Sci. 1916	Lieut., London Post Rifles, B.E.F.
Skinner, B. W.	Med. 1916	Lieut., Canadian General Hospital.
Smith, L.	Sci. 1916	Pte., 23rd Battalion, C.E.F.
Smith, Dave	Sci. 1917	Signalier, 2nd Signal Company, Canadian Engineers.
Smith, W. C.	Sci. 1916	Gunner, Ammunition Column, 2nd Division, C.E.F.
Smith, C. H.	Sci. 1917	Gunner, 25th Battery, C.F.A.
Slessor, J. E.	Arts 1918	Lieut., 24th Battalion, C.E.F.
Skinner, D. C.	Arts 1916	Corp., 27th Battery, C.F.A.
Snider, G. W.	Arts 1918	Pte., P.P.C.L.I., C.E.F.
Spohn, H. G.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Stewart, C. J.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Stewart, C. J.	Med. 1917	5th Canadian Mounted Rifles.
Stewart, M. G.	Sci. 1917	Pte., P.P.C.L.I.
Sutherland, Elliott	Arts 1918	Pte., 1st Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Sutherland, M. C.	Arts 1916	Signalier, 13th Battalion, C.E.F.
Strachan, A. C.	Sci. 1917	Lance-Corp., No. 6 Field Ambulance.
Struthers, R. R.	Med. 1917	Pte., 1st Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Symonds, S. R.	Arts 1918	1st Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Taylor, R. H.	Arts 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Tennant, P. S.	Med. 1917	1st Division, C.E.F.
Thistle, W.	Arts 1916	Pte., No. 3 Can. General Hospital.
Thomson, R.	Sci. 1917	Lieut., 87th Battalion, C.E.F.
Timmarsh, C. J.	Arts 1916	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Tinling, C. B.	Med. 1917	Lieut., 60th Battalion, C.E.F.
Todd, John J.	Arch. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Treffry, H. S.	Med. 1918	2nd Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Tucker, A. E.	Sci. 1917	Corp., 23rd Battalion, C.E.F.
Tucker, G. S.	Med. 1918	Lieut., 60th Motor Transport Co., A.S.C., B.E.F.
Twinberron, J. O.	Sci. 1916	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Valentine, J. B.	Med. 1918	Gunner, 21st Battery, C.F.A.
Waller, J. B.	Sci. 1917	Lieut., 87th Battalion, C.E.F.
Ward, M. E. St. C.	Sci. 1917	Gunner, 35th Battery, C.F.A.
Wait, Eric H.	Sci. 1918	Sapper, 6th Field Co., Can. Eng., C.E.F.
White, M. L.	Sci. 1915	No. 1 General Hospital.
Whiteside, G. B.	Arts 1916	Base Hospital.
White, H. E.	Arts 1918	Ammu. Column, 1st Brigade, C.F.A.
Whitley, H. T. C.	Med. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Wienke, C. E.	Med. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Williams, L. F.	Sci. 1918	4th Universities Co., P.P.C.L.I.
Wilkinson, E. S.	Sci. 1916	Lieut., 1st Battalion, London Regt., B.E.F.
Williamson, N. T.	Med. 1918	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Wilson, J. K.	Sci. 1917	Sergt., 27th Battery, C.F.A.
Wilson, J. J.	Sci. 1916	Pte., 24th Battalion, C.E.F.
Woods, C. H.	Sci. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Woodruff, B. J.	Sci. 1915	2nd Battalion, 1st Brigade, 1st Contingent (wounded).
Wortley, H. E.	Med. 1919	Pte., No. 6 Field Ambulance.
Wright, H.	Med. 1917	No. 3 Canadian General Hospital.
Yuill, L. S.	Law 1913	

FRANK MCGILL FALLS 1,000 FT.

Aeroplane Completely Demolished When Wing Breaks.

NO ONE RESPONSIBLE

The Water Breaks Fall and Saves Lives of Both Men.

In a letter received at the University yesterday, Flight Sub-Lieutenant Frank McGill, Comm. '14, tells the story of how his arm was broken in a fall which he had from his machine while flying in England. Sub-Lieutenant McGill is now at the Royal Naval Hospital at Chatham.

He writes: "I got mine at last. This time it wasn't my fault. Yesterday it was a good flying day, so the First Lieutenant took me up in a new machine. We were up about 4,000 feet and everything was going fine. He shut off his engine and came down to about 1,000 feet, then put it on again and started making another circle. I think we must have come down a few hundred feet, but at any rate when at a considerable height one wing dropped and the machine started a nose spin which developed into a vertical dive. At first I thought he was stunting, but suddenly realized he had lost control. Of course, I was helpless, being in the observer's seat and had braced myself and waited for the crash. It was some crash, too. We landed in the water and fell in near the shore and wrecked the machine completely, a beautiful big bust, too. The First Lieutenant got badly cut up and a sprained ankle, but seemed all right. When I first saw him he was lying half in the water and half on the lower plane with blood all over his face. I was sure he was dead. I tried to get to him, but found my right arm was broken, so it was all I could do to pull myself out of the water and get on the fuselage. He moved very soon and I asked him if he was all right to which he answered 'Yes.' They brought us back to the Vindex in a motor boat and there they put my arm in temporary splints and took off my wet clothes and sent me here. This is a beautiful place and they are treating me well. I am feeling fine outside of the bad pains I get from the arm.

Cambridge.—Ten thousand Cambridge men have enlisted since the war began. Of this number, 470 have been killed and 700 wounded.

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DEPARTMENT OF MINES

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

PUBLICATIONS

The Geological Survey has published maps and reports dealing with a large part of Canada, with many local areas and special subjects.

A catalogue of publications will be sent free to any applicant. Most of the older reports are out of print, but they may usually be found in public libraries, libraries of the Canadian Mining Institute, etc.



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Have more than the required number of dress articles and thereby reap the pleasure of attractiveness in your dress if you select your furnishings from our collection of exclusive merchandise.

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No trouble to prepare

BORDEN'S Reindeer Coffee

(Combined with Sugar and Milk)

Just add Boiling Water

1 lb. can makes 30 cups of
delicious coffee.
25 cents per can.

QUIPS

(Continued from page 3.)

Thursday's paper that "this win gives the Meds. a clean 'sweet'?"

Many of our readers have written asking what has become of our old friend Shomlock Shears. The following memorandum, we feel sure, will prove of interest:

"Our friend Shomlock Shears, the great detective, is having a very busy time at present. He had scarcely finished his researches in the Fat Allen case when he received an urgent appeal from the Bursar asking for his help in the affair of the highway robbery in the Engineering Building last week. The noted sleuth promptly took steps to have the suspicious characters who frequent that building shadowed, and his efforts were soon rewarded. On Monday, as was exclusively reported in The Daily, a feminine book agent paid a visit to the aforesaid building and beguiled the hearts and purses of the scientists to the extent of several subscriptions to a magazine. Now, it will no doubt surprise the Science students to learn that the dainty little person who captured their hearts last Monday was really Shomlock Shears in one of the effective disguises for which he is justly famous. When he appeared to be merely making out a receipt for a subscription, in reality he was taking a note of the names and descriptions of certain Mechanical Engineering students who seemed particularly free with their contributions, and at present we understand that he is engaged in an attempt to identify some of the subscribers as forming part of the missing pay-roll from the Bursar's office.

A writer in the correspondence column (we should say "columns") this past week styled himself as "a member of the LATE class of Arts '15." Are we to infer that all the class is "dead" with the exception of the writer?

What did our managing editor say when he was handed a hot slug fresh from the mould of the Linotype machine at the printers' last evening?

Montana.—Freshmen co-eds at the Montana State College have adopted Green hair ribbons as a mark of distinction.

Printed for the publishers—The Students' Council of McGill University—by The Financial Times Press, 333-335 Craig Street, Montreal.

A BASKETBALL LEAGUE FORMED

Intermediate and Junior Teams From McGill.

H. H. PITTS, CHAIRMAN

Schedule Drawn Up With the First Game to Take Place December 1st.

The Y.M.C.A. Provincial Basketball League will inaugurate their season on December 1st, when Macdonald College open at the Westmount gym. Six teams are entered in both the intermediate and junior sections, and the games will be played until March 7th. The schedule was drawn up and all arrangements made for the coming season at a meeting held in the Drummond street building. Mr. H. H. Pitts, of McGill, was elected chairman of the committee and Mr. W. F. Goodfellow, of the Central Y.M.C.A., secretary-treasurer.

The following is the schedule for the coming season. On each date both junior and intermediate teams of each club play their games:—

Dec. 1—Macdonald College at Westmount.
Dec. 4—McGill at Macdonald.
Dec. 9—North Branch at Railroad.
Dec. 16—Central Y. at Railroad.
Dec. 21—North Branch at Central.
Jan. 8—Macdonald at North Branch.
Jan. 11—McGill at Central.
Jan. 13—Macdonald at Railroad.
Jan. 15—Railroad at North Branch.
Jan. 19—Central at Westmount.
Jan. 22—Central at Macdonald; McGill at North Branch.
Jan. 26—McGill at Westmount.
Jan. 29—Westmount at Macdonald; Railroad at McGill.
Feb. 5—Central at North Branch; Macdonald at McGill.
Feb. 10—McGill at Railroad.
Feb. 12—Railroad at Macdonald; Central at McGill; Westmount at North Branch.
Feb. 17—Westmount at Railroad.
Feb. 19—North Branch at McGill.

DRESSMAKING COURSE GIVEN AT MACDONALD

Will Run From January 3rd, to March 17th, 1916.

A special course in dressmaking will be given by the School of Household Science, Macdonald College, from January 3rd to March 17th, 1916. This is a new course and one which has not been given before. However, there have been so many requests made for such a course that the school, hoping to fill a long felt want, has decided to offer it this year.

The greater part of the time will be devoted to dressmaking, but along with this will be given classes in laundry, with particular attention to dry cleaning and renovating; textiles also will be taught, emphasizing the need for careful buying of materials and clothing. One period a week will be devoted to home decoration, with some attention to color and design in dress.

In addition to this each student will have the privilege of electing one of the following subjects: Cooking, dairying, poultry, or home gardening.

Many Benefits.

The course aims to give the student a thorough training in these subjects which later may be used as a means of earning an income. It will not only teach how to make a dress, but, by the study of textiles, will train the student to buy intelligently, and so make the most of the money at her disposal. A study of color and design will give an idea how to choose colors and patterns suitable to the individual, and thus teach the art of good dressing.

In offering this course the school hopes to meet and satisfy the demands of those who are desirous of having a better idea of dressmaking, and with a special teacher in charge of the work, promises a very enjoyable as well as beneficial term. A limited number will be taken in the class, so those who decide to take the course should send in their applications at as early a date as possible.

To the daughters of farmers of the Province of Quebec the course is free; to others the regular fees will be in order. For particulars in regard to the course, etc., apply to The Registrar, Macdonald College, P.Q.

H. FREEMAN CUSTOM TAILOR

Dry and French Cleaning, Re-dyeing, Pressing, etc., done on short notice—at reasonable prices.

A Postcard will receive our immediate attention. Also Suits made up from your own material if desired. Best satisfaction guaranteed.

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PHOTOGRAPHY

John Wilkinson, portrait specialist, will give a general course in lighting, artistic effects, printing, etc., in portraiture to amateurs.
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Phone Up. 2140.

RECRUITING OF OVERSEAS MEN

Large Number of Enrolments Expected For Next Week.

UNIVERSITY MEN WANTED

Soldier From Mexico, Tired of Hunting Carranzists, Enlists For Active Service.

Recruiting for the Fifth Overseas University Company, as has already been announced, will begin officially to-day. From all indications, those in charge are in expectation of a most successful opening, going so far as to predict that, at the end of next week the recruits on the rolls will number fifty or even more. In fact, sixteen men have already signed on for service overseas, and there is no reason to expect that this high standard of enrolment will not be kept up.

Among those who signed their names to the roll yesterday was Private Leeman, who has served under General Villa in Mexico and having become weary of the tame occupation of shooting stray revolutionists of various bands, has gone after bigger game in the shape of Germans. We expect some excellent expositions of the Mexican style of fighting when the Fifth Overseas Company reaches the front.

A desire was expressed by the officers in charge of the recruiting that more recruits would appear from the ranks of McGill undergraduates, as these have proved themselves most efficient soldiers. They are quick to learn military discipline, obey orders intelligently and altogether make a high class of fighting men. It is natural, of course, that a medical student, for example, even a half-fledged one, should in his intimate knowledge of the human anatomy and its weak points, show a greater intelligence in planting a bayonet thrust where it will be most effective, than one who has had no such previous training.

HEARD BILLY SUNDAY

The Rev. T. E. Hollings, pastor of the Westmount Methodist Church, has returned from Newark, N.J., where he has been conducting an evangelistic campaign for the Congregationalists of that city. Mr. Hollings returned by way of Syracuse and heard Billy Sunday. 3000 Syracuse University students were in attendance at the evening meeting. The tabernacle was crowded with 11,000 people. Mr. Hollings will tell the story, "With Billy Sunday at Syracuse," at Westmount Methodist Church Sunday evening.

ACCIDENT TO SCOUT

H. Collier Injured at C. O. T. C. Manoeuvres on Mountain on Thursday Night.

The C. O. T. C. manoeuvres on Thursday night were marked by an unfortunate accident to one of the scouts on bicycles. While Mr. H. Collier was riding down the side of the mountain in the dark he ran into a stone and was thrown off his machine. He sustained several injuries to his head and lost some teeth, and had to go up to the Royal Victoria Hospital.

U. OF T. AND HOCKEY

The University of Toronto athletic directorate has had under consideration the application of the hockey club to enter teams in the O.H.A. series. At a meeting of the entire directorate it was unanimously decided that it would be unwise to deviate in any way from the policy laid down at the beginning of the present session, viz.: That as all the athletic work necessary for the welfare of the students can be supplied in the inter-faculty contests, participation in contests outside the university should be discontinued during the present academic year.

50 YEARS EXPERIENCE IN SKATE MAKING IN CANADA
IS THE REASON FOR THE POPULARITY AND SUPREMACY OF—

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Everybody from the youngster to the expert can get a "STARR" skate to suit their individual tastes both as to style and price, whether for Hockey, Racing, Rink, or Fancy Skating.

"STARR" skates are the result of many years of expert designing and construction—special hand tempering and workmanship, and will not break. Being highly tempered by hand by our special process, they hold their cutting edge—thus do not need sharpening so often. They fit the feet comfortably, and are braced just where support is most needed, therefore, you do not get tired on "STARR" skates. "STARR" skates are equally good for artificial and natural ice.

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Every pair of "STARR" skates we make is protected by the following

GUARANTEE
All "Starr" skates are guaranteed to be of the highest quality. If they prove defective within one year from date of sale, return them to your dealer and he will give you another pair FREE OF COST.

FREE Booklet on Fancy Skating and Hockey Rules gladly mailed on request.

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INTEREST PAYABLE HALF-YEARLY—1st JUNE, 1st DECEMBER

ISSUE PRICE 97½

A FULL HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST WILL BE PAID ON 1st JUNE, 1916
THE PROCEEDS OF THE LOAN WILL BE USED FOR WAR PURPOSES ONLY

In the event of future issues (other than issues made abroad) being made by the Government, for the purpose of carrying on the war, bonds of this issue will be accepted at the issue price, 97½, plus accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscriptions to such issues.

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE offers herewith on behalf of the Government the above named Bonds for subscription at 97½ payable as follows:—

10 per cent. on application.	7½	"	3rd January, 1916.
20	"	"	1st February, 1916.
20	"	"	1st March, 1916.
20	"	"	1st April, 1916.
20	"	"	1st May, 1916.

The instalments may be paid in full on and after the 3rd day of January, 1916, under discount at the rate of four per cent. per annum. All payments are to be made to a chartered bank for the credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture and the allotment to cancellation.

Applications, accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent. of the amount subscribed, must be forwarded through the medium of a chartered bank. The bank will issue a provisional receipt.

This loan is authorized under Act of Parliament of Canada and both principal and interest will be a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Forms of application may be obtained from any branch of any chartered bank in Canada, and at the office of any Assistant Receiver General in Canada.

Subscriptions must be for even hundreds of dollars.

In case of partial allotments the surplus deposit will be applied towards payment of the amount due on the January instalment.

Scrip certificates payable to bearer will be issued, after allotment, in exchange for the provisional receipts.

When the scrip certificates have been paid in full and payment endorsed thereon by the bank receiving the money, they may be exchanged for bonds with coupons attached, payable to bearer or registered as to principal, or for fully registered bonds without coupons.

Delivery of scrip certificates and of bonds will be made through the chartered banks.

The interest on the fully registered bonds will be paid by cheque, which will be remitted by post. Interest on bonds with coupons will be paid on surrender of coupons. Both cheques and coupons will be payable free of exchange at any branch of any chartered bank in Canada.

Holders of fully registered bonds without coupons will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons, payable to bearer or registered, without payment of any fee, and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert, without fee, into fully registered bonds without coupons at any time on application in writing to the Minister of Finance.

The issue will be exempt from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The bonds with coupons will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$1,000. Fully registered bonds without coupons will be issued in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000 or any authorized multiple of \$5,000.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the issue on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges.

The loan will be repaid at maturity at par at the office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary or Victoria.

The books of the loan will be kept at the Department of Finance, Ottawa.

Recognized bond and stock brokers will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent. on allotments made in respect of applications which bear their stamp.

Subscription Lists will close on or before 30th November, 1915

Finance Department, Ottawa, 22nd November, 1915.